LP SOLIDSTART OSB & LSL/ RIM BOARD

Floor & Roof Applications





23

Product Specifications & Design Values

LP® SOLIDSTART® RIM BOARD

An integral part of LP's framing package, OSB and LSL Rim Board from LP Engineered Wood Products provides strong, cost-effective solutions to your framing needs. Designed to match our LP SolidStart I-Joists, they are available in several depths and thicknesses. LP's SolidStart Rim Board offers straightforward and quick installation as well as high-strength reliability.

THE ROLE OF RIM BOARD IN A BUILDING

LP SolidStart Rim Board fills the space between the sill plate and the bottom wall plate, or between the top plate and bottom plate in multi-story construction. In addition to filling the void, rim board is an integral structural component that transfers both lateral and vertical forces. To function properly, rim board must match the depth of framing members. Traditional solid sawn lumber typically does not match engineered wood I-Joists, which is why LP SolidStart Rim Board is a perfect choice. Even for seemingly similar depths, lumber can shrink leaving it shorter than the I-Joist and useless.

WHAT MAKES LP SOLIDSTART RIM BOARD DIFFERENT?

LP SolidStart Rim Board is more convenient to use than field ripped Rim because it is precision cut to match the depths of LP SolidStart I-Joists and is manufactured in standard lengths of 16' and 20.' Here are just a few of the benefits:

Trouble-Free Workability

- Easy to saw, drill, plane, file or sand with normal carpentry tools
- · I-Joist compatible depths save time on the job-site
- · Flat surfaces for easy installation of siding
- Precut depths means less inaccuracies and time involved in ripping in the field

Just The Right Size

· I-Joist compatible depths for a perfect match

Fire Blocking

- 1" or thicker LP SolidStart Rim Board can be used as an alternate to 23/32" wood structural panel fire blocking
- 1-1/4" or thicker LP Rim Board can be used as an alternate to nominally 2" lumber fire blocking

SPEC	IFIED RI											
T	Thislanses	Rim Board Depth										
Type	THICKNESS	9-1/2"	11-7/8"	14"	20"	22"	24"					
	1"	2.6	3.2	3.8	4.3	4.9	5.4	6.0	6.5			
LF USB	1-1/8"	2.9	3.6	4.3	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.7	7.3			
	1-1/4"	3.9	4.9	5.8	6.2	7.3	8.1	8.8	9.6			
LP LSL	1-1/2"	4.7	5.9	7.0	7.9	8.8	9.7	10.6	11.5			

MATERIALS & FABRICATION

LP offers two types of rim board: LP SolidStart OSB Rim Board, fabricated from oriented strand board, and LP SolidStart LSL Rim Board, from Laminated Strand Lumber (LSL). Both types are precision cut to match the depths of LP SolidStart I-Joists.

The type of rim board you choose will depend on your specific project. OSB rim board comes in smaller thicknesses and is perfect for lower lateral load applications. Use LSL rim board where loads are higher such as in commercial and multi-family structures.

BEAM & HEADER STOCK AS RIM BOARD

While standard LP LSL may appear to be suited for use as rim board, there are several reasons why it may not be the best choice, including different tolerances on the finished depth and labeling requirements:

- Rim Board products are ripped slightly taller than an I-Joist to ensure that all vertical load is transferred through the rim board rather than through the I-Joist.
- The thickness of rim board is stamped on the product for easy visual confirmation by a building inspector.

LIFETIME LIMITED WARRANTY

LP SolidStart Engineered Wood Products are backed by a lifetime limited warranty. Visit LPCorp.com or call 1.888.820.0325 for a copy of the warranty.



LP SOLIDSTART RIM BOARD PROFILES

Product Specifications & Design Values

FACTORED RIM BOARD RESISTANCE

				Lateral			
Material	Grade	Thickness	Unif	orm	Concentrated	Load ^{4,5,6} Resistance, f _н (plf)	
			d ≤ 16"	16" < d ≤ 24"	d ≤ 24"		
LP OSB	APA C1/Rim Board ⁷	1-1/8"	7339	5004	5838	235	
IDICI	1.955	1-1/4"	10008	6338	6338	326	
LF LOL	1.33E	≥ 1-1/2"	11676	7506	7506	365	

NOTES:

The Factored Vertical Load Resistance shall not be increased for short-term load duration. 1

3. The Factored Concentrated Vertical Load Resistance is assumed to be applied through a minimum 4-1/2" bearing length (3-stud post).

4. The Factored Lateral Load Resistance is based on a short-term load duration and shall not be increased.

5. The Factored Lateral Load Resistance is based on the connections specified in the Installation details on page 4.

- 6 Additional framing connectors fastened to the face of the rim board may be used to increase lateral resistance for wind and seismic design.
- 7. APA C1 grade in product standard ANSI/APA PRR 410-2011 is equivalent to the rim board grade in product standard APA PRR-401C.

FACTORED UNIFORM LOADS (PLF) FOR RIM BOARD HEADERS: MAXIMUM 4' CLEAR SPAN										
Matarial	Thislanses	Rim Board Depth								
Material	Inickness	9-1/2"	11-7/8"	2-Ply 14"	2-Ply 16"					
LP OSB	1-1/8"	620 (1-1/2")	915 (3")	2410 (4-1/2")	2980 (4-1/2")					
IDICI	1-1/4"	955 (1-1/2")	1810 (3")	5155 (4-1/2")	6535 (6")					
LF LSL	≥ 1-1/2"	1150 (1-1/2")	2175 (3")	6190 (4-1/2")	7840 (6")					

NOTES:

This table is for preliminary design for uniform gravity loads only. Final design should include a complete analysis of all loads and connections.

The factored load resistances are for a maximum 4' clear span with minimum bearings for each end (listed in parentheses) based on the bearing resistance of the rim board. For headers bearing on wood 2. plates, the bearing length may need to be increased based on the ratio of the bearing resistance of the rim board divided by the bearing resistance of the plate species.

3. Standard load duration is assumed and shall be adjusted according to code.

- Depths greater than 11-7/8" shall be used with a minimum of two plies, as shown. Depths of 11-7/8" and less may be used as a two-ply header by multiplying the resistance by two. 4
- 5. Multiple-ply headers shall be toe-nailed to the plate from both faces. Fasten the floor sheathing to the top of each ply to provide proper lateral support for each ply.
- For multiple-ply headers supporting top-loads only, fasten plies together with minimum 2-1/2" nails (common wire or spiral) at a maximum spacing of 12" oc. Use 2 rows of nails for 9-1/2" and 11-7/8". Use 3 rows for depths 14" and greater. Clinch the nails where possible. For side-loaded multiple-ply headers, refer to the Connection Resistance For Side-Loaded 2-Ply Rim Board Headers table below for the 6. required nailing and the maximum side load that can be applied.

7. The designer shall verify proper bearing for the header.

- 8. Joints in the rim are not allowed over openings and must be located at least 12" from any opening.
- 9. Refer to the "APA Performance Rated Rim Boards Limit States Design" (Form No. D340 CA) for additional information including uniform load resistance for smaller openings.
- 10. Use LP® SolidStart® LSL for headers with clear spans longer than 4' or for loads greater than tabulated above. See the Design Values table below.

DESIGN VALUES (S	PECIFIED STRESS D	ESIGN - PSI) ^{1,2,3}				
Material	Grade	Thickness	Bending f _b ^{4,5,6}	Modulus of Elasticity E ^{7,8} (x10 ⁴)	Shear f _v	Compression Perpendicular-to-Grain f _{CP}
LP OSB	APA C1/Rim Board ⁷	1-1/8"	1112	0.55	500	997
LP LSL	1.35E	≥ 1-1/4"	3195	1.35	760	1365

NOTES:

LP SolidStart LSL and OSB Rim Board shall be designed for dry-use conditions only. Dry-use applies to products installed in dry, covered and well ventilated interior conditions in which the equivalent 1. average moisture content in lumber will not exceed 15% nor a maximum of 19%. Adjustments for high temperature are beyond the scope of this guide.

- 2. The specified strengths and stiffness are for standard load duration. Bending, Shear and Compression perpendicular-to-grain, shall be adjusted according to code. Modulus of Elasticity shall not be adjusted for load duration.
- 3 The specified strengths and stiffness are for members supporting loads applied parallel to the wide face ("edge" or "beam" orientation).
- 4. The specified Bending, f_b, for LP SolidStart OSB Rim Board has been adjusted to account for volume for clear spans up to 4'. Do not use for clear spans over 4'.
- 5. The specified Bending, f, for LP SolidStart LSL is tabulated for a standard 12" depth. For depths other than 12", multiply f, by (12/depth)^{0.100}. For depths less than 3-1/2", adjust f, by 1.159.
- 6. Deflection calculations for LP SolidStart LSL and LVL shall include both bending and shear deformations.

Deflection for a simple span, uniform load: Δ =	<u>270wL⁴</u> + Ebd ³ +	28.8wL ² Ebd	Where:	∆ w L	= = =	deflection (in) uniform load (plf) design span (ft)	E	=	modulus of elasticity (from table) width (in)
							d	=	depth (in)

Equations for other conditions can be found in engineering references.

Deflection calculations for LP SolidStart OSB Rim Board need only consider bending deformations (the second half of the above equation may be neglected). The tabulated modulus of elasticity, MOE, is the apparent" MOE and includes an approximation of the effects of shear deformations

LP SolidStart LSL and LVL Rim Board used as headers shall be a minimum of two plies for depths greater than 11-7/8" for 1-1/4" and 1-1/2" rim board and greater than 14" for 1-3/4" rim board. All depths may be used as a multiple-ply header if required. Design the header as a single ply based on the tabulated allowable design stresses above and multiply by the number of plies. All plies must be toe-nailed to the plate. Fasten the floor sheathing to the top of each ply.

For multiple-ply headers supporting top-loads only, fasten plies together with minimum 2-1/2" nails for 1-1/4" rim board and 3" nails for 1-1/2" and 1-3/4" rim board (common wire or spiral), at a maximum spacing of 12" oc. Use 2 rows of nails for 9-1/2" and 11-7/8". Use 3 rows for depths 14" and greater. Clinch the nails where possible. For side-loaded multiple-ply headers, refer to the Connection Resistance For Side-Loaded 2-Ply Rim Board Headers table below for the required nailing and the maximum side load that can be applied.

CONNECTION RESIS	STANCE FOR SIDE-LO	ADED 2-PLY RIM BOAI				
Material	Thickness	Minimum Nail Size	3 Rows of Nails at 6" oc	4 Rows of Nails at 6" oc	5 Rows of Nails at 6" oc	5 Rows of Nails at 6" oc
LP OSB	1-1/8"	2-1/2"	1280	1707	2134	2561
IDICI	1-1/4" 2-1/2"		1280	1707	2134	2561
LF LOL	1-1/2" & 1-3/4"	3"	1582	2109	2636	3163

NOTES:

This table represents the factored uniform side-load resistance of the connection for a 2-ply header. The total factored uniform load, including top-load and side-load, shall not exceed the factored uniform load resistance of the header as tabulated above.

3. Use 3 rows of nails for 9-1/2" and 11-7/8"; 4 rows for 14" and 16"; 5 rows for 18" and 20"; 6 rows for 22" and 24" deep rim board.

Headers consisting of more than 2 plies, alternate fastening or higher side loads are possible but require proper design of the connection.

The Factored Vertical Load Resistance is based on the resistance of the rim board and may need to be reduced based on the bearing resistance of the supporting wall plate or the attached floor sheathing. 2. Example: The factored bearing resistance for OSB floor sheathing is 487 psi so the bearing resistance of a 1-1/4" x 16" deep rim board would be limited to 7305 pff (487 psi x 1-1/4" x 12).

² The tabulated side-load resistance is for standard load duration and shall be adjusted according to code.

^{4.} Nails may be either common wire or spiral. The factored resistances are based on spiral nails. Clinch the nails where possible.

FASTENER VALUES FOR LP SOLIDSTART RIM BOARD

The tabulated Lateral Load Resistance values for LP Rim Board (page 3) are based on the connections specified in the Installation details below. These connections allow for the 3-1/2" nails from the sole plate above into the top edge of the rim, provided the deck nailing is at least 6" oc and the 3-1/2" nails are spaced in accordance with the prescriptive requirements of the code. Decreasing the nail spacing will not necessarily increase the lateral load resistance and may cause splitting. To increase the lateral resistance, other connection details may be designed, such as adding framing anchors nailed to the face of the rim and the edge of the wall plate. The Fastener Design table below provides information on the equivalent specific gravity for nail, screw, lag and bolt design in accordance with CSA O86 Engineering Design in Wood (Limit States Design). The prescriptive capacities for 1/2" x 4" (min) lag screws are also provided for ledger attachment. The Nail Spacing Requirements table at right provides guidance on the minimum nail spacing and edge distances. End, edge and spacing distances for screws, lags and bolts shall be as specified in CSA 086.

Refer to CCMC report 13319-R for complete connection information for LP SolidStart LSL.

NOTE: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available online at LPCorp.com or by contacting customer support at 1.888.820.0325.

FASTEN	IER DESIG	GN									
				Equivalent Relative Density							
			Na	ils		Bolts and Lag Screws					
Material	Thickness	Witho	drawal	Dowel	Bearing	Dowel Bearing (into the face only)					
material	THORNESS	Edge	Face	Face Edge Face		Load Applied Parallel to Grain	Load Applied Perpendicular to Grain	foi Li			
LP OSB	1-1/8"	na	0.50	na	0.50	na	na				
	> 1-1///"	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.55	0.50	0.59				

NAIL SPACING REOUIREMENTS

		•					
Material	Thickness	Fastener ¹	Nail Size ^{2,3}	Minimum	Minimum Nail Spacing per Row ^{5,6}		
		Orientation		End Distance*	Single Row	Multiple Rows	
	11 0 1 1/01	Edge	e Refer to Installation		below	na	
LP USB	1 & 1-1/8	Face		9 below			
			2-1/2"	2"	4"		
		Edge	3" or 3-1/4"	2"	4"	na	
IDICI	> 1 1/4117	-	3-1/2"	2-1/2"7	5"7		
LP LSL	SL ≥ 1-1/4"'		2-1/2"	7/8"	1"	1"	
		Face	3" or 3-1/4"	7/8"	1"	1"	
			3-1/2"	7/8"	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	

NOTES:

9.

Edge orientation refers to nails driven into the narrow edge: parallel to the face of the strands for LP LSL or OSB Rim Board. Face orientation refers to nails driven into the wide face: perpendicular to the face of the strands for LP LSL or OSB Rim Board.

2. Fasteners are common wire or common spiral nails.

5.

- Nail penetration for edge nailing shall not exceed 2" for 3-1/2" nails and 2-1/2" for 3" and 3-1/4" nails. 3
- Edge distance shall be sufficient to prevent splitting, but not less than permitted in CSA 086. 4.
- Minimum Nail Spacing for the face orientation is applicable to nails that are installed in rows that are parallel to the 5. direction of the face grain (length) of the rim board. For nails in face installed in rows that are perpendicular to the direction of the grain (width/depth) of the rim board, the minimum nail spacing for the face orientation shall be as per CSA 086. 6.
 - Multiple rows of nails are not allowed in the edge for LP LSL less than 1-1/2" thick. Multiple rows of nails shall be
- offset at least 1/2" and staggered, and equally spaced about the centerline of the edge or face (whichever applies). For LP LSL with a thickness of 1-1/2" and greater, refer to CCMC evaluation report 13319-R for additional information. 7
- Minimum end distance may be reduced to 2 inches and minimum nail spacing may be reduced to 4" when LP LSL is 1-1/4" thick and the nail penetration into the LSL does not exceed 1-3/8". The minimum nail spacing may be reduced to 4" for 1-1/2" LP LSL and to 3" for 1-3/4" and thicker LP LSL, subject to the nail penetration of note 3. 8.
 - Face nailing spacing and end distance for LP OSB Rim Board shall be sufficient to prevent splitting. Refer to the "APA Performance Rated Rim Boards - Limit States Design" (Form No. D340 CA) for additional informati

(Form No. D340 CA) for additional information.

Refer to the "APA Performance Rated Rim Boards - Limit States Design"

1									
				Eq	uivalent l	Relative Density		Eastarad	NOTES:
			Na	ils		Bolts and	Lag Screws	Lateral	1. Fastener design for each connection type listed to the left is for standard
Matorial	Thicknose	Witho	Irawal	Dowel	Bearing	Dowel Bearing (i	nto the face only)	Resistance	load duration and shall be adjusted according to code.
Wateria	THICKIESS	Edge	Face	Edge	Face	Load Applied Parallel	Load Applied Perpendicular	for 1/2" x 4" Lag Screw	Fastener spacing, end and edge distance shall be according to code except as specified in the Nail Spacing Requirements above.
		0.0				to Grain	to Grain	φZ (lbs)	The Equivalent Relative Density shall be used to determine fastener
LP OSB	1-1/8"	na	0.50	na	0.50	na	na	585	capacities in accordance with CSA 086.
IDISI	≥ 1-1/4"	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.55	0.50	0.58	751	 Ine factored 1/2" lag screw resistance assumes a nominal 2x (1-1/2" through- member with full population into the main member 1/2" through-balte may be
LP LOL	≥ 1-1/2"	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.46	0.50	792	used in lieu of the lag screws. Proper washers shall be installed

INSTALLATION



NOTES:

- 1. Additional framing connectors to the face of the rim board may
- be used to increase lateral capacity for wind and seismic design.
- Trim the tongue or groove of the floor sheathing in accordance with the T&G Trim Requirements table.

For more information on the full line of LP SolidStart Engineered Wood Products or the nearest distributo	r, visit our web site at LPCorp.com.

Phone: 1-888-820-0325

E-mail: customer.support@LPCorp.com.

LP SolidStart Engineered Wood Products are manufactured at different locations in the United States and Canada. Please verify availability with the LP SolidStart Engineered Wood Products distributor in your area before specifying these products.



Good for you. Good for our forests www.sfiprogram.org BV-SFICOC-US09000262





For product catalog & complete warranty details, visit LPCorp.com

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T&G TRIM REQUIREMENTS

Floor Sheathing	Rim Board Thickness								
Thickness	1"	1-1/8"	1-1/4"	> 1-1/4"					
≤ 7/8"	Trim	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required					
> 7/8"	Trim	Trim	Trim	Not Required					